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. H Y M N S

IN

PROSE

FOR

CHILDREN.

BY THE AUTHOR OF LESSONS FOR CHILDREN.

THE TWENTY-FOURTH EDITION, MUCH ENLARGED.

LONDON:

PRINTED FOR BALDWIN, CRADOCK, AND JOY; R. HUNTER; T. HAMILTON; AND SIMPKIN AND MARSHALL,

1824.



PREFACE.

Among the number of books composed for the use of children, though there are many, and some on a very rational plan, which unfold the system, and give a summary of the doctrines of religion, it would be difficult to find one calculated to assist them in the devotional part of it, except indeed Dr. Watts's Hymns for children. These are in pretty general use; and the author is deservedly honoured for the condescension of his Muse, which was very able to take a loftier flight. But it may well be doubted whether poetry ought to be lowered to the capacities of ch dren, or whether they should n rather be kept from reading ver till they are able to relish go verse; for the very essence poetry is an elevation in thoug and style above the commstandard; and if it wants the character, it wants all that reders it valuable.

The Author of these Hym has therefore chosen to give the in prose. They are intended be committed to memory, as recited. And it will probably found that the measured prose which such pieces are general written, is nearly as agreeable

PREFACE.

the ear as a more regular rhythmus. Many of these Hymns are composed in alternate parts, which will give them something of the spirit of social worship.

The peculiar design of this publication is to impress devotional feelings as early as possible on the infant mind; fully convinced, as the author is, that they cannot be impressed too soon. and that a child to feel the full force of the idea of God, ought never to remember the time when he had no such idea—to impress them, by connecting religion with a variety of sensible objects, with all that he sees, all he hears, all

that affects his young mind with wonder or delight; and thus by deep, strong, and permanent associations to lay the best foundation for practical devotion in future life. For he who has early been accustomed to see the Creator in the visible appearances of all around him, to feel his continual presence, and lean upon his daily protection—though his religious ideas may be mixed with many improprieties, which his correcter reason will refine away -has made large advances towards that habitual piety, without which religion can scarcely regulate the conduct, and will never warm the heart.

A.L.B

HYMNS

IN PROSE FOR

CHILDREN.

God, for he is exceeding great; let us bless God, for he is very good.

He made all things; the sun to rule the day, the moon to shine by night.

He made the great whale, and the elephant; and the little worm that crawleth on the ground.

The little birds sing praises to God, when they warble sweetly in the green shade.

The brooks and rivers praise God, when they murmur melodiously amongst the smooth pebbles.

I will praise God with my voice; for I may praise him, though I am but a little child.

A few years ago, and I was a little infant, and my tongue was dumb within my mouth:

And I did not know the great name of God, for my reason was not come unto me.

But now I can speak, and my tongue shall praise him: I can think of all his kindness, and my heart shall love him.

Let him call me, and I will come unto him: let

him command, and I will obey him.

When I am older, I will praise him better; and I will never forget God, so long as my life remaineth in me.

HYMN II.

COME, let us go forth into the fields, let us see how the flowers spring, let us listen to the warbling of the birds, and sport ourselves upon the new grass.

The winter is over and gone, the buds come out upon the trees, the crimson blossoms of the peach and the nectarine are seen, and the green leaves sprout.

The hedges are bordered with tufts of primroses, and yellow cowslips that hang down their heads; and the blue violet lies hid beneath the shade.

The young goslings are running upon the green, they are just hatched, their bodies are covered with yellow down; the old ones

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hiss with anger if any one comes near.

The hen sits upon her nest of straw, she watches patiently the full time, then she carefully breaks the shell, and the young chickens come out.

The lambs just dropt are in the field, they totter by the side of their dams, their young limbs can hardly support their weight.

If you fall, little lambs, you will not be hurt; there is spread under you a carpet of soft grass; it is spread on purpose to receive you.

The butterflies flutter from bush to bush, and open their wings to the warm sun.

The young animals of every kind are sporting 82

about, they feel themselves happy, they are glad to be alive,—they thank him that has made them alive.

They may thank him in their hearts, but we can thank him with our tongues; we are better than they, and can praise him better.

The birds can warble, and the young lambs can bleat, but we can open our lips in his praise, we can speak of all his goodness.

Therefore we will thank him for ourselves, and we will thank him for those that cannot speak.

Trees that blossom and little lambs that skip about, if you could, you would say how good he is; but you are dumb, we will say it for you.

We will not offer you in sacrifice, but we will offer sacrifice for you, on every hill, and in every green field, we will offer the sacrifice of thanksgiving, and the incense of praise.

HYMN III.

of the flock, he taketh care for his sheep, he leadeth them among clear brooks, he guideth them to fresh pasture; if the young lambs are weary, he carrieth them in his arms; if they wander, he bringeth them back.

But who is the shepherd's Shepherd? who taketh care

for him? who guideth him in the path he should go? and if he wander, who shall bring him back?

God is the shepherd's Shepherd. He is the Shepherd over all; he taketh care for all; the whole earth is his fold; we are all his flock; and every herb, and every green field is the pasture which he hath prepared for us.

The mother loveth her little child; she bringeth it up on her knees; she nourisheth its body with food; she feedeth its mind with knowledge; if it is sick, she nurseth it with tender love: she watcheth over it when asleep; she forgetteth it not for a moment: she teacheth it how to be good; she rejoiceth daily in its growth.

But who is the parent of

the mother? who nourisheth her with good things, and watcheth over her with tender love, and remembereth her every moment? Whose arms are about her to guard her from harm? and if she is sick, who shall heal her?

God is the parent of the mother; he is the parent of all, for he created all. All the men, and all the women

who are alive in the wide world, are his children; he loveth all, he is good to all.

The king governeth his people; he hath a golden crown upon his head, and the royal sceptre is in his hand; he sitteth upon a throne, and sendeth forth his demands; his subjects fear before him; if they do well, he protecteth them

from danger; and if they do evil, he punisheth them.

But who is the Sovereign of the king? who commandeth him what he must do? whose hand is reached out to protect him from danger? and if he doeth evil, who shall punish him?

God is the sovereign of the king; his crown is of rays of light, and his throne is amongst the stars. He is King of kings, and Lord of lords: if he biddeth us live, we live; and if he biddeth us die, we die his dominion is over all worlds, and the light of his countenance is upon all his works.

God is our Shepherd, therefore we will follow him; God is our Father, therefore we will love him; God is our King, therefore we will obey him.

HYMN IV.

COME, and I will show you what is beautiful. It is a rose fully blown. See how she sits upon her mossy stem, like the queen of all the flowers! her leaves glow like fire; the air is filled with her sweet odour! she is the delight of every eve.

She is beautiful, but

there is a fairer than she. He that made the rose is more beautiful than the rose; he is all lovely; he is the delight of every heart.

I will show you what is strong. The lion is strong; when he raiseth up himself from his lair, when he shaketh his mane, when the voice of his roaring is heard, the cattle of the field fly, and the wild beasts

of the desert hide themselves, for he is very terrible.

The lion is strong, but he that made the lion is stronger than he: his anger is terrible; he could make us die in a moment, and no one could save us out of his hand.

I will show you what is glorious. The sun is glo-

rious. When he shineth in the clear sky, when he sitteth on the bright throne in the heavens, and looketh abroad over all the earth, he is the most excellent and glorious creature the eye can behold.

The sun is glorious, but he that made the sun is more glorious than he. The eye beholdeth him not, for his brightness is more dayzling than we could bear He seeth in all dark places by night as well as by day and the light of his counte nance is over all his works

Who is this great name and what is he called, tha my lips may praise him?

This great name is GOD He made all things, bu he is himself more excellent than all which he hat! made: they are beautiful, but he is beauty; they are strong, but he is strength; they are perfect, but he is perfection.

HYMN V.

THE glorious sun is set in the west; the night dews fall; and the air, which was sultry, becomes cool.

The flowers fold up their coloured leaves; they fold themselves up, and hang their heads on the slender stalk. The chickens are gathered under the wing of the hen, and are at rest; the hen herself is at rest also.

The little birds have ceased their warbling, they are asleep on the boughs, each one with his head behind his wing.

There is no murmur of bees around the hive, or

among the honeyed woodbines; they have done their work, and lie close in their waxen cells.

The sheep rest upon their soft fleeces, and their loud bleating is no more heard amongst the hills.

There is no sound of a number of voices, or of children at play, or the rampling of busy feet, and f people hurrying to and ro.

The smith's hammer is not heard upon the anvil; nor the harsh saw of the arpenter.

All men are stretched on their quiet beds; and he child sleeps upon the oreast of its mother.

Darkness is spread over

the skies, and darkness is upon the ground; every eye is shut, and every hand is still.

Who taketh care of all people when they are sunk in sleep; when they cannot defend themselves, nor see if danger approacheth?

There is an eye that never sleepeth; there is an eye that seeth in dark night as

well as in the bright sunshine.

When there is no light of the sun, nor of the moon; when there is no lamp in the house, nor any little star twinkling through the thick clouds; that eye seeth every where, in all places, and watcheth continually over all the families of the earth.

The eye that .. sleepeth

not is God's; his hand is always stretched out over us

He made sleep to refresh us when we are weary: he made night, that we might sleep in quiet.

As the mother moveth about the house with her finger on her lips, and stilleth every little noise, that her infant be not disturbed, as she draweth the curtains around its bed, and shutteth out the light from its tender eyes; so God draweth the curtains of darkness around us; so he maketh all things to be hushed and still, that his large family may sleep in peace.

Labourers spent with toil, and young children, and every little humming insect, sleep quietly, for God watcheth over you. You may sleep, for he never sleeps: you may close your eyes in safety, for his eye is always open to protect you.

When the darkness is passed away, and the beams of the morning sun strike through your eyelids, begin the day with praising God, who hath taken care of you through the night.

Flowers, when you open

again, spread your leaves, and smell sweet to his praise.

Birds, when you awake, warble your thanks among the green boughs; sing to him before you sing to your mates.

Let his praise be in our hearts, when we lie down; let his praise be in our lips, when we awake.

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HYMN VI.

CHILD of reason, whence comest thou? What he thine eye observed, an whither has thy foot bee wandering?

I have been wanderin along the meadows, in th thick grass; the cattle wer feeding around me, or re e corn sprung up in the rrows; the poppy and the rebell grew among the reat; the fields were ight with summer, and owing with beauty.

Didst thou see nothing ore? Didst thou observe thing besides? Return ain, child of reason, for ere are greater things an these. God was among the fields: and didst thou not perceive him? his beauty was upon the meadows; his smiles enlivened the sunshine.

I have walked through the thick forest; the wind whispered among the trees; the brook fell from the rocks with a pleasant murmur; the squirrel leapt from bough to bough: and the birds sung to each other amongst the branches.

Didst thou hear nothing but the murmur of the brook? no whispers but the whispers of the wind? Return again, child of reason, for there are greater things than these.—God was amongst the trees; his voice sounded in the murmur of the water; his music warbled in the shade; and didst thou not attend?

I saw the moon rising behind trees; it was like a lamp of gold. The stars one after another appeared in the clear firmament. Presently I saw black clouds arise, and roll towards the south; the lightning streamed in thick flashes over the sky; the thunder growled at a distance; it came nearer, and I felt afraid, for it was loud and terrible.

Did thy heart feel no terror, but of the thunderbolt? Was there nothing bright and terrible but the lightning? Return, O child of reason, for there are greater things than these.—God was in the storm, and didst thou not perceive him? His terrors were abroad, and

did not thine heart acknowledge him?

God is in every place; he speaks in every sound we hear; he is seen in all that our eyes behold: nothing, O child of reason, is without God;—let God therefore be in all thy thoughts.

HYMN VII.

COME, let us go into he thick shade, for it is the loon of day, and the sumner sun beats hot upon our heads.

The shade is pleasant and ool; the branches meet bove our heads, and shut out the sun as with a green

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curtain; the grass is soft to our feet, and a clear brook washes the roots of the trees.

The sloping bank is covered with flowers; let us lie down upon it; let us throw our limbs on the fresh grass and sleep; for all things are still, and we are quite alone.

The cattle can lie down

to sleep in the cool shade, but we can do what is better; we can raise our voices to heaven; we can praise the great God who made us. He made the warm sun, and the cool shade; the trees that grow upwards, and the brooks that run murmuring along. All the things that we see are his work.

Can we raise our voices

up to the high heaven? Can we make him hear who is above the stars? We need not raise our voices to the stars: for he heareth us when we only whisper; when we breathe out words softly with a low voice. He that filleth the heavens is here also.

May we that are so young speak to him that always was? May we, that can

hardly speak plain, speak to God?

We that are so young are but lately made alive; therefore we should not forget his forming hand who hath made us alive. We that cannot speak plain, should lisp out praises to him who teacheth us how to speak, and hath opened our dumb lips.

When we could not think of him, he thought of us; before we could ask him to bless us, he had already given us many blessings.

He fashioneth our tender limbs, and causeth them to grow; he maketh us strong, and tall and nimble.

Every day we are more active than the former day, therefore every day we ought to praise him better than the former day.

The buds spread into leaves, and the blossoms swell to fruit; but they know not how they grow, nor who caused them to spring up from the bosom of the earth.

Ask them if they will tell thee; bid them break forth into singing, and fill the air with pleasant sounds.

They smell sweet; they look beautiful; but they are quite silent: no sound is in the still air; no murmur of voices amongst the green leaves.

The plants and the trees are made to give fruit to man; but man is made to praise God who made him.

We love to praise him,

because he loveth to bless us; we thank him for life, because it is a pleasant thing to be alive.

We love God who hath created all beings; we love all beings, because they are the creatures of God.

We cannot be good, as God is good to all persons every where; but we can rejoice that every where there is a God to do them good We will think of God when we play, and when we work; when we walk out, and when we come in; when we sleep, and when we wake; his praise shall dwell continually upon our lips.

HYMN VIII.

SEE where stands the cottage of the labourer covered with warm thatch! the mother is spinning at the door; the young children sport before her on the grass; the elder ones learn to labour, and are obedient; the father worketh to provide them food: is happy they rejoice together.

Many houses are built together; many families live near one another; they meet together on the green. and in pleasant walks, and to buy and sell, and in the house of justice: and the sound of the bell calleth them to the house of God in company. If one is poor his neighbour helpeth him

if he is sad, he comforteth him. This is a village; see where it stands enclosed in a green shade, and the tall spire peeps above the trees. If there be very many houses, it is a town; it is governed by a magistrate.

Many towns, and a large extent of country, make a kingdom; it is enclosed by mountains; it is divided by rivers; it is washed by seas; the inhabitants thereof are countrymen; they speak the same language; they make war and peace together; a king is the ruler thereof.

Many kingdoms and countries full of people, and islands and large continents, and different climates, make up this whole world—God governeth it. The people swarm upon the face of it like ants upon a hillock; some are black

ith the hot sun; some over themselves with furs gainst the sharp cold; ome drink of the fruit of ne vine; some the pleaent milk of the cocoa-nut; and others quench their nirst with the running ream.

All are God's family; he noweth every one of them a shepherd knoweth his ock; they pray to him in ifferent languages, but he understandeth them all; he heareth them all; he taketh care of all; none are so great that he cannot punish them; none are so mean, that he will not protect them.

Negro woman, who sittest pining in captivity, and weepest over thy sick child: though no one seeth thee, God seeth thee; though no one pitieth thee, God pitieth thee; raise thy voice, forlorn and abandon one; call upon him from amidst thy bonds, for assuredly he will hear thee.

Monarch, that rulest over a hundred states; whose frown is terrible as death. and whose armies cover the land, boast not thyself as though there were none above thee :--God is above thee; his powerful arm is always over thee; and if thou doest ill, assuredly he will punish thee.

Nations of the earth, fear the Lord; families of men, call upon the name of your God.

Is there any one whom God hath not made? let him not worship him: is there any one whom he hath not blessed? let him not praise him.

HYMN IX.

COME, let us walk abroad; let us talk of the works of God.

Take up a handful of the sand: number the grains of it; tell them one by one into your lap.

Try if you can count the

blades of grass in the field, or the leaves on the trees.

You cannot count them, they are innumerable; much more the things which God has made.

The fir groweth on the high mountain, and the grey willow bends above the stream.

The thistle is armed with

soft and woolly.

The hop layeth hold ith her tendrils, and laspeth the tall pole; the ak hath firm root in the round, and resisteth the inter storm.

The daisy enamelleth the neadows, and groweth beeath the foot of the pasenger: the tulip asketh a rich soil, and the careful hand of the gardener.

The iris and the reed spring up in the marsh; the rich grass covereth the meadows; and the purple heath flower enliveneth the waste ground.

The water lilies grow beneath the stream: their broad leaves float on the surface of the water: the wall-flower takes root in the hard stone, and spreads its fragrance amongst broken ruins.

Every leaf is of a different form; every plant hath a separate inhabitant.

Look at the thorns that are white with blossoms, and the flowers that cover the fields, and the plants that path. The hand of man hath not planted them; the sower hath not scattered the seeds from his hand, nor the gardener digged a place for them with his spade.

Some grow on steep rocks, where no man can climb: in shaking bogs and deep forests, and desert islands; they spring up every

there, and cover the bosom f the whole earth.

Who causeth them to row every where, and loweth the seeds about in rinds, and mixeth them ith the mould, and waterth them with soft rains, nd cherisheth them with ews? Who fanneth them ith the pure breath of leaven: and giveth them plours, and smells, and

spreadeth out their thin transparent leaves?

How doth the rose draw its crimson from the dark brown earth, or the lily its shining white? How can a small seed contain a plant? How doth every plant know its season to put forth? They are marshalled in order: each one knoweth his place, and standeth up in his own rank.

: The snow-drop and the primrose, make haste to lift their heads above the ground. When the spring cometh, they say, Here we are. The carnation waiteth for the full strength of the year; and the hardy laurustinus cheereth the winter months.

Every plant produceth its like. An ear of corn will

not grow from an acorn; nor will a grape-stone produce cherries; but every one springeth from its proper seed.

Who preserveth them alive through the cold of winter, when the snow is on the ground; and the sharp frost bites on the plain? Who soweth a small seed, and a little warmth in

the bosom of the earth, and causeth them to spring up afresh, and sap to rise through the hard fibres?

The trees are withered, naked, and bare; they are like dry bones. Who breatheth on them with the breath of spring, and they are covered with verdure, and green leaves sprout from the dead wood?

Lo, these are a part of his works; and a little portion of his wonders.

There is little need that I should tell you of God, for every thing speaks of him.

Every field is like an open book; every painted flower hath a lesson written on its leaves.

Every murmuring brook hath a tongue; a voice is in every whispering wind.

They all speak of him who made them; they all tell us, he is very good.

We cannot see God, for he is invisible; but we can see his works, and worship his footsteps in the green sod. They that know the most will praise God the best; but which of us can number half his works?

- HYMNX.

LOOK at that spreading ak, the pride of the village reen! its trunk is massy, ts branches are strong. Its oots, like crooked fangs, trike deep into the soil, nd support its huge bulk. he birds build among the oughs; the cattle repose eneath its shade: the

neighbours form grou beneath the shelter of green canopy. The old m point it out to their ch dren, but they themselv remember not its growt generations of men o after another have be born and died, and this s of the forest has remai ed the same, defying t storms of two hundr winters.

Yet this large tree was ice a little acorn; small in ze, insignificant in appearice; such as you are now cking up upon the grass eneath it. Such an acorn, hose cup can only contain drop or two of dew, conined the whole oak. All s massy trunk, all its knoted branches, all its multiide of leaves were in that corn; it grew, it spread, it

unfolded itself by degrees, it received nourishment from the rain, and the dews. and the well adapted soil, but it was all there. Rain. and dews, and soil, could not raise an oak without the acorn; nor could they make the acorn any thing but an oak.

The mind of a child is like the acorn; its powers are folded up, they do not yet appear, but they are all there. The memory, the judgment, the invention, the feeling of right and wrong, are all in the mind of a child; of a little infant just born; but they are not expanded, you cannot perceive them.

Think of the wisest man you ever knew or heard of;

think of the greatest man; think of the most learned man, who speaks a number of languages, and can find out hidden things; think of a man who stands like that tree, sheltering and protecting a number of his fellow men, and then say to yourself, the mind of that man was once like mine, his thoughts were childish like my thoughts,

ay, he was like the babe ust born, which knows tothing, remembers nohing, which cannot distinjuish good from evil, nor ruth from falsehood.

If you had only seen an corn, you could never uess at the form and size of an oak: if you had never onversed with a wise man,

you could form no idea of him from the mute and helpless infant.

Instruction is the food of the mind; it is like the dew and the rain and the rich soil. As the soil and the rain and the dew cause the tree to swell and put forth its tender shoots, so do books and study and discourse feed the mind,

and make it unfold its hidden powers.

Reverence therefore your own mind; receive the nurture of instruction, that the man within you may grow and flourish. You cannot guess how excellent he may become.

It was long before this oak showed its greatness;

year after year passed away, and it had only shot a little way above the ground, a child might have plucked it up with his little hands; it was long before any one called it a tree; and it is long before the child becomes a man.

The acorn might have perished in the ground, the young tree might have been iorn of its graceful boughs, ie twig might have bent, nd the tree would have en crooked, but if it grew : all, it could have been othing but an oak, it would ot have been grass owers, which live their ason, and then perish from ie face of the earth.

The child may be a foolh man, he may be a wicked man, but he must be a man; his nature is not that of any inferior creature, his soul is not akin to the beasts which perish.

O cherish then this precious mind, feed it with truth, nourish it with knowledge; it comes from God, it is made in his image; the oak will last for centuries of years, but the nind of man is made for mmortality.

Respect in the infant the uture man. Destroy not n the man the rudiments of an angel.

HYMN XI.

THE golden orb of the sun is sunk behind the hills, the colours fade away from the western sky, and the shades of evening fall fast around me.

Deeper and deeper they stretch over the plain; I look at the grass, it is no onger green; the flowers re no more tinted with arious hues; the houses, he trees, the cattle, are all ost in the distance. The ark curtain of night is let own over the works of Hod; they are blotted out rom the view, as if they vere no longer there.

Child of little observaion! canst thou see no-

thing because thou canst not see grass and flowers, trees and cattle? Lift up thine eyes from the ground, shaded with darkness, to the heavens that 'are stretched over thy head; see how the stars one by one appear and light up the vast concave.

There is the moon bending her bright horns, like a silver bow, and shedding her mild light, like liquid silver, over the blue firmament.

There is Venus, the evening and the morning star; and the Pleiades, and the Bear that never sets, and the Pole star that guides the mariner over the deep.

Now the mantle of dark-

ness is over the earth: the last little gleam of twilight is faded away; the lights are extinguished in the cottage windows, but the firmament burns with innumerable fires; every little star twinkles in its place. If you begin to count them they are more than you can number; they are like the sands of the sea shore.



The telescope shows you ar more, and there are housands and ten thouands of stars which no elescope has ever reached.

Now Orion heaves his oright shoulder above the torizon, and Sirius, the log star, follows him, the orightest of the train.

Look at the milky way, 13

it is a field of brightness; its pale light is composed of myriads of burning suns.

All these are God's families; he gives the sun to shine with a ray of his own glory; he marks the path of the planets, he guides their wanderings through the sky, and traces out their orbit with the finger of his power.

If you were to travel as swift as an arrow from a bow, and to travel on further and further still, for millions of years, you would not be out of the creation of God.

New suns in the depth of space would still be burning round you, and other planets fulfilling their appointed course.

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Lift up thine eyes, ch of earth, for God has giv thee a glimpse of heave

The light of one is withdrawn, that the mayest see ten thousa Darkness is spread of the earth, that thou may behold, at a distance, regions of eternal day.

This earth has a vari

of inhabitants: the sea, the air, the surface of the ground, swarm with creatures of different natures, sizes, and powers; to know a very little of them is to be wise among the sons of men.

What, then, thinkest thou, are the various forms and natures and senses and occupations of the people universe?

Who can tell the birth and generations of so many worlds? who can relate their histories? who can describe their inhabitants?

Canst thou measure infinity with a line? canst thou grasp the circle of infinite space?

107

Yet these all depend upon God; they hang upon him as a child upon the breast of its mother; he tempereth the heat to the inhabitant of Mercury; he provideth resources against the cold in the frozen orb of Saturn. Doubt not that he provideth for all beings that he has made.

Look at the moon when

it walketh in brightness gaze at the stars when the are marshalled in the firms ment, and adore the make of so many worlds.

HYMN XII.

.

IT is now Winter, dead inter. Desolation and ence reign in the fields, singing of birds is heard, humming of insects. he streams murmur no ager; they are locked up frost.

The trees lift their naked

boughs like withered arms into the bleak sky, the green sap no longer rises in their veins; the flowers and the sweet smelling shrubs are decayed to their roots.

The sun himself looks cold and cheerless; he gives light only enough to show the universal desolation.

Nature, child of God,

little while ago, and she ejoiced in her offspring; he rose shed its perfume pon the gale; the vine ave its fruit; her children vere springing and blooming around her, on every awn and every green bank.

O Nature, beautiful Naure, beloved child of God, vhy dost thou sit mourn-

k 2

He has not forsaken thee, O Nature; thou art his beloved child, the eternal image of his perfections; his own beauty is spread over thee, the light of his countenance is shed upon thee.

Thy children shall live gain, they shall spring up and bloom around thee; he rose shall again breathe s sweetness on the soft ir, and from the bosom of he ground verdure shall bring forth.

And dost thou not nourn, O Nature, for thy uman births; for thy sons nd thy daughters that eep under the sod; and

shall they not also reshall the rose and the tle bloom anew, and man perish? Shall goo sleep in the ground, the light of wisdor quenched in the dust shall tears be shed them in vain?

They also shall their winter shall away; they shall lagain. The tears of

children shall be dried up when the eternal year proceeds. Oh come that eternal year!

HYMN XIII.

CHILD of mortality, whence comest thou? why is thy countenance sad, and why are thine eyes red with weeping?

I have seen the rose in its beauty; it spread its leaves to the morning sun—I returned, it was dying

upon its stalk; the grace of the form of it was gone; its loveliness was vanished away; the leaves thereof were scattered on the ground, and no one gathered them again.

A stately tree grew on the plain; its branches were covered with verdure; its boughs spread wide and made a goodly shadow;

the trunk was like a strong pillar; the roots were like crooked fangs—Ireturned, the verdure was nipt by the east wind; the branches were lopt away by the axe; the worm had made its way into the trunk, and the heart thereof was decayed; it mouldered away, and fell to the ground.

. I have seen the insects

sporting in the sun-shine, and darting along the streams; their wings glittered with gold and purple; their bodies shone like the green emerald: they were numerous: than I could count; their motions were quicker than my eye could glance—I returned, they were brushed into the pool; they were perishing with the evening

breeze: the swallow had devoured them; the pike had seized them; there were none found of so great a multitude.

I have seen man in the pride of his strength; his cheeks glowed with beauty; his limbs were full of activity; he leaped; he walked; he ran; he rejoiced in that he was more excellent

than those....I returned, he lay stiff and cold on the bare ground; his feet could no longer move, nor his hands stretch themselves out; his life was departed from him; and the breath out of his nostrils; —therefore do I weep because DEATH is in the world; the spoiler is among the works of God; all that is made.

must be destroyed; at that is born, must die: I me alone, for I will we yet longer.

HYMN XIV.

I HAVE seen the flower vithering on the stalk, and its bright leaves spread on the ground.—I looked again and it sprung forth fresh; the stem was rowned with new buds,

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and the sweetness thereof if

I have seen the sun set in the west, and the shades of night shut in the wide horizon; there was no colour, nor shape, nor beauty, nor music; gloom and darkness brooded around—I looked, the sun broke forth again from the east, he gilded the mountain tops; the lark rose to meet him from her low nest, and the shades of darkness fled away.

I have seen the insect, being come to its full size, languish and refuse to eat: it spun itself a tomb, and was shrouded in the silken cone; it lay without feet, or shape, or power to move.

I looked again, it had burst its tomb: it was full of life, and sailed on coloured wings through the soft air; it rejoiced in its new being.

Thus shall it be with thee, O man! and so shall thy life be renewed.

Beauty shall spring up

out of ashes; and life out of the dust.

A little while shalt thou lie in the ground, as the seed lieth in the bosom of the earth: but thou shalt be raised again; and if thou art good, thou shalt never die any more.

Who is he that cometh

to burst open the prison doors of the tomb; to bid the dead awake, and to gather his redeemed from the four winds of heaven?

He descendeth on a fiery cloud; the sound of a trumpet goeth before him; thousands of angels are on his right hand.

It is Jesus, the Son of God; the Saviour of men; the friend of the good.

He cometh in the glory of his Father; he hath received power from on high.

Mourn not, therefore, child of immortality;—for the spoiler, the cruel spoiler, that laid waste the

130

works of God, is subdi-Jesus hath conquideath: child of imtality! mourn no long

HYMN XV.

THE rose is sweet, but is surrounded with orns; the lily of the valley fragrant, but it springeth amongst the brambles.

The spring is pleasant,

but it is soon past: the summer is bright, but the winter destroyeth the beauty thereof.

The rainbow is very glorious, but it soon vanisheth away: life is good, but it is quickly swallowed up in death.

There is a land where the roses are without thorns, where the flowers are not mixed with brambles.

In that land, there is eternal spring, and light without any cloud.

The tree of life groweth in the midst thereof; rivers of pleasures are there, and flowers that never fade.

Myriads of happy spirits

are there, and surround the throne of God with a perpetual hymn.

The angels with their golden harps sing praises continually, and the cherubim fly on wings of fire.

This country is Heaven: it is the country of those that are good; and nothing

that is wicked must inhabit there.

The toad must not spit its venom amongst turtle doves: nor the poisonous henhane grow amongst sweet flowers.

Neither must any one that doeth ill enter into that good land.

This earth is pleasant,

for it is God's earth, and it is filled with many delightful things.

But that country is far better: there we shall not grieve any more, nor be sick any more, nor do wrong any more; there the cold of winter shall not wither us, nor the heat of summer scorch us.

In that country there

re no wars nor quarrels, ut all love one another vith dear love.

When our parents and riends die, and are laid in he cold ground, we see hem here no more; but here we shall embrace hem again, and live with hem, and be separated no nore.

There we shall meet all makes all

good men, whom we read of in holy books.

There we shall see Abraham, the called of God, the father of the faithful: and Moses after his long wanderings in the Arabian desert; and Elijah, the prophet of God; and Daniel, who escaped the lion's den; and there the son of Jesse, the shepherd king, the sweet singer of Israel.

They loved God on arth; they praised him on arth: but in that country ney will praise him better, and love him more.

There we shall see Jesus, ho is gone before us to at happy place; and there e shall behold the glory the high God.

We cannot see him ere, but we will love him

here; we must be now on earth, but we will : often think on Heaven.

That happy land is our home; we are to be here but for a little while, and there for ever, even for ages of eternal years.

THE END.

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